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- (7) Have a water spray system under §154.1105 that protects the above deck cargo piping; and
- (8) Have a nitrogen inerting system or on board nitrogen gas storage that can inert the vapor space of an ethylene oxide cargo tank for a period of 30 days under the condition of paragraph (e) of this section.
- (b) Cargo hose used for ethylene oxide must:
- (1) Be specially approved by the Commandant (CG-OES); and
- (2) Be marked "For (Alkylene or Ethylene) Oxide Transfer Only."
- (c) Ethylene oxide must be maintained at less than 30 °C (86 °F).
- (d) Cargo tank relief valves for tanks containing ethylene oxide must be set at 539 kPa gauge (78.2 psig) or higher.
- (e) The vapor space of a cargo tank carrying ethylene oxide must be maintained at a nitrogen concentration of 45% by volume.
- (f) A vessel must have a method for jettisoning ethylene oxide that meets §§ 154.356 and 154.1872.

[CGD 74–289, 44 FR 26009, May 3, 1979, as amended by CGD 82–063b, 48 FR 4782, Feb. 3, 1983]

§ 154.1730 Ethylene oxide: Loading and off loading.

- (a) The master shall ensure that before ethylene oxide is loaded into a cargo tank:
- (1) The tank is thoroughly clean, dry, and free of rust;
- (2) The hold spaces are inerted with an inert gas that meets §154.1710(b)(1); and
- (3) The cargo tank vapor space is inerted with nitrogen.
- (b) Ethylene oxide must be off loaded by a deepwell pump or inert gas displacement.
- (c) Ethylene oxide must not be carried in deck tanks.

§ 154.1735 Methyl acetylene-propadiene mixture.

- (a) The composition of the methyl acetylene-propadiene mixture at loading must be within the following limits or specially approved by the Commandant (CG-OES):
 - (1) One composition is:
- (i) Maximum methyl acetylene and propadiene molar ratio of 3 to 1;

- (ii) Maximum combined concentration of methyl acetylene and propadiene of 65 mole percent:
- (iii) Minimum combined concentration of propane, butane, and isobutane of 24 mole percent, of which at least one-third (on a molar basis) must be butanes and one-third propane; and
- (iv) Maximum combined concentration of propylene and butadiene of 10 mole percent.
 - (2) A second composition is:
- (i) Maximum methyl acetylene and propadiene combined concentration of 30 mole percent;
- (ii) Maximum methyl acetylene concentration of 20 mole percent;
- (iii) Maximum propadiene concentration of 20 mole percent;
- (iv) Maximum propylene concentration of 45 mole percent;
- (v) Maximum butadiene and butylenes combined concentration of 2 mole percent:
- (vi) A minimum saturated C₄ hydrocarbon concentration of 4 mole percent: and
- (vii) A minimum propane concentration of 25 mole percent.
- (b) A vessel carrying a methyl acetylene-propadiene mixture must have a refrigeration system without vapor compression or have a refrigeration system with the following features:
- (1) A vapor compressor that does not raise the temperature and pressure of the vapor above 60 °C (140 °F) and 1.72 MPa gauge (250 psig) during its operation and that does not allow vapor to stagnate in the compressor while it continues to run.
- (2) Discharge piping from each compressor stage or each cylinder in the same stage of a reciprocating compressor that has:
- (i) Two temperature actuated shutdown switches set to operate at 60 °C (140 °F) or less:
- (ii) A pressure actuated shutdown switch set to operate at 1.72 MPa gauge (250 psig) or less; and
- (iii) A safety relief valve set to relieve at 1.77 MPa gauge (256 psig) or less.
- (3) A relief valve that vents to a mast meeting §154.805 and that does not relieve into the compressor suction line.
- (4) An alarm that sounds in the cargo control station and in the wheelhouse